

cPa DIXON, WALLER & CO., INC.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88

KIM, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

DIXON, WALLER & CO., INC.

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KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

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KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS
June 30, 2019

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Brady Burnham	President
John Cranson	Vice-President
Nikki Shannon	Secretary/Treasurer
Tate Watkins	Member
Rommel Moismann	Member

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Samantha Yocam	Superintendent
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FINANCIAL SECTION

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TRINIDAD, COLORADO 81082
(719) 846-9241 FAX (719) 846-3352

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education
Kim School District RE-88
Kim, Colorado 81049

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kim School District RE-88, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kim School District RE-88, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and post employment benefits trend data on pages i through v and 43 through 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Kim School District RE-88's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements, other schedules, and state required schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respect, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Trinidad, Colorado
November 14, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This is the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) for the Kim School District RE-88. It offers the reader management's perspective of the financial activities of the school district for the year ended June 30, 2019. The focus of this discussion is the primary government (general) fund.

The MD&A is an element of reporting put forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

Financial Highlights

- In government-wide activities the District's net position totaled \$ 9,649,760 at the end of the 2019 fiscal year.
- Governmental Funds revenue was \$1,474,643; expenditures totaled \$1,371,104, with an ending fund balance of \$1,793,043.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management's Discussion & Analysis is presented as an introduction into the Kim School District's basic financial information. This information is comprised in the following three components:

- 1) Government-wide financial statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Supplemental Information

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide statements provide an overall view of the District's financial status specific to those activities directly related to the education of our students. The government-wide statements report assets and liabilities. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. The statements of net assets are one way to measure the financial position of the District. Over time, changes in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The district-wide statements are divided into two categories: Governmental activities and Business-type Activities.

Governmental activities: Such services as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, and administration are represented in this area. For Kim School District this information will be found in the general fund, preschool fund, and capital reserve fund.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been "set apart" for specific activities. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's funds. These statements focus on those specific funds, not the District as a whole. Kim School District RE-88, like other governmental agencies, uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. This information is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. Governmental fund accounting may help the reader

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88 -- MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future. The differences between governmental activities and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: The District is the agent, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purpose.

Supplemental Information: In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes the District's financial audit also contains more detailed financial information and other supplemental information concerning the District's non-major governmental funds.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on balances of available (spendable) resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful tool in measuring the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The combined general fund is the major governmental fund of the Kim School District. The combined general fund under GASB 34 reporting requirements involves the general fund (\$1,480,225) and the preschool fund (\$1,262). As of June 30, 2018, the combined general fund shows an ending fund balance of \$1,481,487.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration: The Districts' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$12,958,067. This is a total capital asset of \$15,257,317 less accumulated depreciation of \$2,299,250.

The District's total net position on June 30, 2019 was \$9,649,760. Of the District's \$14,403,120 in assets, \$15,296,619 reflects investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). The District uses capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The district currently has negative unrestricted net position of -\$9,649,760. The district was awarded a BEST grant in the amount of \$7,923,336. The grant was matched with a local 20 year bond initiative in the amount of \$2,717,118. This maximizes the bonding capacity of the district. The bond long term debt on June 30, 2019 was \$2,118,886 current debt \$109,756.

Table 1: NET POSITION

	2019		2018	
	Governmental Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current and Other Assets	1,826,735	1,826,735	1,799,612	1,799,612
Capital Assets - Net	12,537,569		12,958,067	
Deferred Outflows	657,892	657,892	1,054,348	1,054,348
Total Assets and Flows	15,022,196	15,022,196	15,812,027	15,812,027
LIABILITIES				
Current and Other Liabilities	1,929,842	1,929,842	3,527,275	3,527,275
Long Term Liabilities	2,118,886		2,228,642	
Deferred Inflows	1,362,524	1,362,524	253,527	253,527
Total Liabilities and Flows	5,411,252	5,411,252	6,009,444	6,009,444
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,308,927	10,308,927	10,624,080	10,624,080
Restricted for:				
Tabor Reserve	35,100	35,100	33,900	33,900
Preschool	1,724	1,724	1,262	1,262
Food Service	14,890	14,890	13,000	13,000
Debt	225,922	225,922	191,673	191,673
Capital Outlay				
Unrestricted	-936,803	-936,803	-1,166,677	-1,166,677
	9,649,760	\$9,649,760	9,697,238	\$9,697,238

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Table 2:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2019		2018	
	Governmental Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Total
Revenues				
Charges for Services			23,266	23,266
Operating Grants and Contributions	41,058	41,058	116,003	116,003
Property Taxes	377,227	377,227	389,899	389,899
Specific Ownership Taxes	81,858	81,858	72,725	72,725
Equalization	570,942	570,942	541,428	541,428
Earnings on investments	10,664	10,644	7,395	7,395
Other Revenues	126,688	126,688	38,846	38,846
TOTAL REVENUES	1,208,437	1,208,417	1,189,562	1,189,562
Expenses				
Instructional Services	909,759	909,759	936,822	936,822
Instructional Staff	38,244	38,244	25,566	25,566
District Administration	233,102	233,102	179,786	179,786
Capital Outlay			7,863	7,863
Operation and Maintenance Facilities	174,643	174,643	157,327	157,327
Transportation	74,314	74,314	86,567	86,567
Central	97,953	97,953	75,548	75,548
Interest of Long Term Liabilities	95,915	95,915	100,260	100,260
Food Service	61,779	61,779	65,858	65,858
Pension Expense	761,935	761,935	606,189	606,189
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,447,644	2,447,644	2,241,786	2,241,786
Increase (Decrease in Net Position)	-1,239,207	-1,239,227	-1,052,224	-1,052,224

The following table shows the net cost (total cost less revenues generated by activities) of the District's major functions.

Table 3:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES by MAJOR FUNCTION

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88 – MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	2019		2018	
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service
Instructional services	909,759	-909,759	936,822	-860,516
Instructional staff	38,244	-38,244	25,566	-25,566
District administration	233,102	-233,102	179,786	-179,786
Operation and maintenance of facilities	174,643	-164,649	157,327	-144,877
Transportation	74,314	-52,981	86,567	-67,347
Central	97,953	-97,953	75,548	-75,548
Capital Outlay			7,863	-7,863
Interest on long term liabilities	95,915	-95,915	100,260	-100,260
Food service	61,779	-61,799	66,858	-34,565
Pension expense	761,935	-761,935	606,189	-606,189
Total	2,447,644	-2,416,337	2,242,786	-2,102,517

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$2,447,644.
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$113,957.
- Most of the District’s costs, however, were financed by District and State taxpayers with \$570,942 in state equalization from the school finance act, \$610,800 (including the bond fund) in taxes, \$81,858 in specific ownership taxes and \$145,294 in investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenue.
- The food service program had revenue of \$60,325 (including a transfer of \$30,000 from the General Fund) and expenses of \$61,779.

Financial Analysis of the District’s Funds

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District’s budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

- Total revenues in the General Fund were \$86,297 lower than the preceding year.
- The district must maintain a 3% emergency reserve as part of TABOR Amendment (Taxpayer Bill of Rights). On June 30, 2019 the District’s TABOR reserve amounted to \$35,100.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District’s net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$12,537,569.

Table 4: Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental 2018-2019	Governmental 2017-2018
Land and Sites	10,030	10,030
Buildings and Improvements	12,233,355	12,604,349
Equipment and Vehicles	294,184	343,688
Total Capital Assets	12,537,569	12,958,067

Economic Factors

As a result of the stewardship of the Board of Education the District enjoys an above average fund balance. The District has experienced declining enrollment, however, due to the 50 student floor in funding the revenue from state general funds has remained relatively consistent and has not declined due to enrollment decreasing. Occasionally, the District enrollment is above the 50 student mark and receives additional funding. The Board of Education and the Administration has governed the district with great care and focus; maintaining the integrity of the district for the long term.

General obligation bonds were issued December 9, 2013 for the purpose of constructing and remodeling District facilities. The Series 2013 matching money bonds of \$2,717,119 were used to match \$7,923,336 in State of Colorado BEST Program Series 2013 Project funds. These bonds were issued at an interest rate of 4.187817%.

Table 5:

CHANGES in LONG TERM DEBT

	Balance 7/01/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2019
2013 General Obligation Matching Bonds	2,333,987	-	105,345	2,228,642
Totals	2,333,987		105,345	2,228,642

Contacting the District’s Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Kim School District’s finances for all those with an interest in the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Samantha Yocam
 Superintendent of Schools
 Kim School District Re-88
 425 State Street/P.O. Box 100
 Kim, CO 81049

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2019

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Investments	1,826,735	1,826,735
Accounts Receivable	719	719
Grants Receivables	1,181	1,181
Property Taxes Receivable	34,000	34,000
Inventories	2,916	2,916
Capital Assets	15,296,619	15,296,619
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(2,759,050)</u>	<u>(2,759,050)</u>
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>14,403,120</u>	<u>14,403,120</u>
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES</u>		
Pensions	650,197	650,197
Other Post Employment Benefits	<u>7,695</u>	<u>7,695</u>
<u>Total Deferred Outflow of Resources</u>	<u>657,892</u>	<u>657,892</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable	2,710	2,710
Accrued Salaries	50,099	50,099
Accrued Interest	7,778	7,778
Compensated Absences	1,277	1,277
Unearned Revenue	11,599	11,599
Net Pension Liability	1,663,539	1,663,539
Net OPEB Liability	83,084	83,084
Debt – Current	109,756	109,756
Debt – Long Term	<u>2,118,886</u>	<u>2,118,886</u>
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>4,048,728</u>	<u>4,048,728</u>
<u>DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES</u>		
Pensions	1,360,546	1,360,546
Other Post Employment Benefits	<u>1,978</u>	<u>1,978</u>
<u>Total Deferred Inflow of Resources</u>	<u>1,362,524</u>	<u>1,362,524</u>
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,308,927	10,308,927
Restricted for:		
TABOR Reserve	35,100	35,100
Preschool	1,724	1,724
Debt Service	225,922	225,922
Food Service	14,890	14,890
Unrestricted	<u>(936,803)</u>	<u>(936,803)</u>
<u>TOTAL NET POSITION</u>	<u>9,649,760</u>	<u>9,649,760</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2019

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Bond Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Investments	1,599,458	216,022	11,255	1,826,735
Accounts Receivable	-	-	719	719
Grants Receivable	1,181	-	-	1,181
Due From Other Funds	-	-	-	-
Property Taxes Receivable	20,900	13,100	-	34,000
Inventories	-	-	2,916	2,916
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>1,621,539</u>	<u>229,122</u>	<u>14,890</u>	<u>1,865,551</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable	2,710	-	-	2,710
Accrued Salaries	50,099	-	-	50,099
Unearned Grant Revenue	11,599	-	-	11,599
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>64,408</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,408</u>
<u>DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES</u>				
Deferred Property Taxes	4,900	3,200	-	8,100
<u>Total Deferred Inflow of Resources</u>	<u>4,900</u>	<u>3,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,100</u>
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	-	-	2,916	2,916
Restricted				
Emergencies	35,100	-	-	35,100
Preschool	1,724	-	-	1,724
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	225,922	-	225,922
Food Service	-	-	11,974	11,974
Unassigned	1,515,407	-	-	1,515,407
<u>Total Fund Balances</u>	<u>1,552,231</u>	<u>225,922</u>	<u>14,890</u>	<u>1,793,043</u>
<u>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES</u>				
	<u>1,621,539</u>	<u>229,122</u>	<u>14,890</u>	<u>1,865,551</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

<u>Total Fund Balance – Governmental Funds</u>	1,793,043
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$15,296,619 and the accumulated depreciation is \$2,759,050.	12,537,569
Property tax revenue is recognized when earned (claim to resources established) rather than when “available.” All of the deferred property tax revenue is not available.	8,100
Compensated absences are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(1,277)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,228,642)
Accrued interest on long term debt is not reported in the funds.	(7,778)
The Districts portion of the net pension obligation for PERA is reported on the statement of net position is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(1,663,539)
The Districts portion of the net OPEB obligation is reported on the statement of net position is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(83,084)
Deferred flows for contributions made toward the net pension obligation from December 31, 2018 until June 30, 2019 is not reported in the funds.	51,586
Deferred flows for contributions made toward the net OPEB obligation from December 31, 2018 until June 30, 2019 is not reported in the funds.	2,751
Deferred employer and plan level pension flows are not reported in the funds.	(761,935)
Deferred employer and plan level OPEB flows are not reported in the funds.	<u>2,966</u>
<u>TOTAL NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</u>	<u>9,649,760</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Bond Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Property Taxes	377,227	233,573	-	610,800
Specific Ownership Taxes	81,858	-	-	81,858
Earnings on Investments	10,664	2,308	-	12,972
Other Local Sources	61,985	-	11,083	73,068
State Aid	635,645	-	1,046	636,691
Federal Aid	41,058	-	18,196	59,254
<u>Total Revenues</u>	<u>1,208,437</u>	<u>235,881</u>	<u>30,325</u>	<u>1,474,643</u>
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current:				
Instructional Services	511,365	-	-	511,365
Supporting Services:				
Students	-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff	33,332	-	-	33,332
District Administration	233,102	-	-	233,102
School Administration	-	-	-	-
Business	-	-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Facilities	140,310	-	-	140,310
Transportation	106,148	-	-	106,148
Central	83,436	-	-	83,436
Food Service	-	-	61,779	61,779
Facility	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	105,345	-	105,345
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	96,287	-	96,287
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	<u>1,107,693</u>	<u>201,632</u>	<u>61,779</u>	<u>1,371,104</u>
<u>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</u>	<u>100,744</u>	<u>34,249</u>	<u>(31,454)</u>	<u>103,539</u>
<u>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</u>				
Transfers	(30,000)	-	30,000	-
Proceeds From Debt	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>	<u>(30,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</u>	70,744	34,249	(1,454)	103,539
<u>FUND BALANCES – Beginning</u>	<u>1,481,487</u>	<u>191,673</u>	<u>16,344</u>	<u>1,689,504</u>
<u>FUND BALANCES – Ending</u>	<u>1,552,231</u>	<u>225,922</u>	<u>14,890</u>	<u>1,793,043</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds 103,539

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more the \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated used lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

	44,327	
Capital Outlays More Than \$5,000		
Depreciation Expense	(464,825)	(420,498)

Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they are being levied or are not “available” at year end are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenue in the statement of activities. Deferred property tax revenues decreased this year. (6,500)

In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amount paid). During the year, compensated absences changed by this amount. 176

The governmental funds report debt proceeds as another financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest expense is recognized as it accrues in the statement of activities regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences follows:

		105,345
Principal Payment		
Accrued Interest		372

The statement of activities reports net pension obligation which is not reported in the fund financial statements:

		1,682,222
Change in net pension obligation		
Change in net OPEB obligation		(6,681)
Deferred flows from net pension obligations		(1,510,521)
Deferred flows from net OPEB obligations		<u>5,068</u>

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (47,478)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PUPIL ACTIVITY TRUST AND AGENCY FUND
June 30, 2019

	<u>Pupil Activity Fund</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Investments	54,528
Due From Other Funds	-
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>54,528</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	8,417
Deposits Held for Others	46,111
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>54,528</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Kim School District RE-88 (District) conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

The District operates under an elected Board of Education with five members.

The District is the lowest level of government, which is considered to be financially accountable over all activities related to public school education in Kim School District RE-88. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The Board of Education members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

A. Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) Statement No. 14 (as amended by Statements No. 34, No. 39 and No. 61), "*The Financial Reporting Entity*" (GASB No. 14) describes the financial reporting entity as it relates to governmental accounting. According to this Statement, the financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations whose exclusion from the reporting entity's financial statements would cause those statements to be misleading or incomplete. Any organizations that can be described by these last two items are included with the primary government in the financial statements as component units.

This District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB No. 14 and does not include any other component unit as part of its "reporting entity". As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the USA, these basis financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the District's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unreserved fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

Amounts reported as program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available to collect within 60 days after year-end.

Property and automotive ownership taxes are reported as receivables and deferred revenue when levied and as revenues when due for collection in the following year and determined to be available.

Grants and entitlement revenues are recognized when compliance with matching requirements is met. A receivable is established when the related expenditures exceed revenue receipts.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred with the exception of general obligation and capital lease debt service which is recognized when due and certain accrued sick and personal pay which are accounted for as expenditures when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus in these funds is on the flow of economic resources and emphasizes the determination of net income. All assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred flows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

- Major Governmental Funds

1. General Fund – the general operating fund of the District; used to account for all resources that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.
2. Bond Fund – used to account for the activities associated with the payment of debt obligations.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

The Pupil Activity Agency Fund – this fund is used to account for the activities of student clubs and organizations held in a fiduciary capacity by the District.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash represents amounts on deposit with financial institutions or held by the District. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

F. Receivables

Property taxes levied in 2018 but uncollected in 2019 are identified as property taxes receivable. Amounts of property taxes that are not available at June 30, 2019 are recorded as deferred inflows, and are presented net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

G. Inventories

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at cost. Inventories recorded in the Food Services Fund consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are stated at cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt.

The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles and equipment, are utilized for general District operations and are capitalized at actual or estimated cost. Donations of such assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of the governmental fund types are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate fund. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in governmental funds. However, the District does capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in business-type activities.

The monetary threshold for capitalization of assets is \$5,000. The District's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets (5-40 years). Depreciation of all capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition and any remaining depreciation is recorded in the year of disposition.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Long Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The District records long-term debt of governmental funds at the face value. General Obligation Bonds are serviced from property taxes and other revenues of the Debt Service Fund. Capital leases are serviced from property taxes and other revenues of the General Fund. The long-term accumulated unpaid accrued sick leave is serviced from property taxes and other revenues by the respective fund type from future appropriations.

J. Constitutional Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. It requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of an expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any entity.

On November 4, 1997 the registered voters approved a ballot resolution authorizing Kim School District RE-88 to collect, retain and expend all revenues from any source provided that no property tax mill levy be increased or any new tax be imposed.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future years. TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be three percent or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). As of June 30, 2019, the District reserved \$35,100 for this purpose.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year's spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual increases in funded student enrollment. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Property Taxes

Under Colorado law, all property taxes are due and payable in the year following the year levied. The 2018 property tax calendar for Las Animas County was as follows:

Levy Date	December 15, 2018
Lien Date	January 1, 2019
Tax Bills Mailed	January 1, 2019
First Installment Due	February 28, 2019
Second Installment Due	June 15, 2019
If Paid in Full, Due	April 30, 2019
Tax Sale – 2017 Delinquent Property Taxes	October 25, 2018

L. Accumulated Sick Leave

Compensated absences are made up of accumulated sick leave reported as non-current liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the District has recorded an estimated liability of \$1,277 relating to accrued sick leave payable.

A summary of changes in compensated absences is as follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2019</u>
Accumulated Sick Leave	<u>1,453</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>1,277</u>

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. GASB Statement No. 54

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

1. Nonspendable such as fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District Board of Directors (the District's highest level of decision-making authority).
4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

Committed Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Committed Fund Balance is fund balance reporting required by the School Board, either because of a School Board Policy in the School Board Policy Manual, or because of motions that passed at School Board meetings.

Assigned Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Assigned Fund Balance is fund balance reporting occurring by School Board Administration authority, under the direction of the Chief Business Officer.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries.

First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then unrestricted fund balances are determined following the order of committed, assigned, and unassigned.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. GASB Statement No. 54 (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification by Fund:

	General Fund	Bond Fund	Food Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Nonspendable:</u>	-	-	2,916	2,916
<u>Restricted:</u>				
Emergencies	35,100	-	-	35,100
Preschool	1,724	-	-	1,724
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	225,922	-	225,922
Food Service	-	-	11,974	11,974
<u>Unassigned:</u>	1,515,407	-	-	1,515,407
<u>Total Fund Balances</u>	1,552,231	225,922	14,890	1,793,043

O. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balances – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

These reconciliations detail items that require adjustment to convert from the current resources measurement and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. However, certain items having no effect on measurement and basis were eliminated from the government fund statements during the consolidation of governmental activities.

<u>Items Eliminated</u>	<u>Due From Other Funds</u>	<u>Due To Other Funds</u>	<u>Transfer In</u>	<u>Transfer Out</u>
General Fund	-	-	-	30,000
Bond Fund	-	-	-	-
Building Fund	-	-	-	-
Food Service Fund	-	-	30,000	-

NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures are controlled by budgetary accounting systems in accordance with various legal requirements. The budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the original adopted budget as subsequently adjusted by the Board of Education in accordance with Colorado School Laws. Budgets are generally prepared on the same basis as that used for accounting purposes.

The District has set procedures to be followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to June 1, the Business Manager submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public notices are released to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
4. The Business Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between categories within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
5. Formal budgetary integration should be employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Bond Fund and Special Revenue Fund.
6. Budgets for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Bond Fund and Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgets have been adopted for Trust and Agency Funds although measurement of operations is not required in the financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION (continued)

All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent of Schools and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance and corresponding carrying balance were as follows:

	<u>Carrying Balance</u>	<u>Bank Balance</u>
Insured (FDIC)	1,109,619	1,109,619
Uninsured, Collateralized under the Public Deposit Protection Act of the State of Colorado	538,371	488,542
Cash with County Treasurer	24,247	-
Cash with Fiscal Agent	208,776	-
Cash on Hand	<u>250</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Total Cash and Deposits</u>	<u>1,881,263</u>	<u>1,598,161</u>

As presented above, deposits with a bank balance of \$488,542 and a carrying balance of \$538,371 as of June 30, 2019 are uninsured, are exposed to custodial risk, and are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2019</u>
<u>Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated</u>					
Land	10,030	-	-	-	10,030
<u>Capital Assets Being Depreciated:</u>					
Buildings & Site Improvements	14,283,469	-	-	-	14,283,469
Equipment & Vehicles	963,818	44,327	5,025	-	1,003,120
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated</u>	<u>15,247,287</u>	<u>44,327</u>	<u>5,025</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,286,589</u>
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation:</u>					
Buildings & Site Improvements	1,679,120	370,994	-	-	2,050,114
Equipment & Vehicles	620,130	93,831	5,025	-	708,936
<u>Total Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>2,299,250</u>	<u>464,825</u>	<u>5,025</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,759,050</u>
<u>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net</u>	<u>12,948,037</u>	<u>(420,498)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,527,539</u>
<u>Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net</u>	<u>12,958,067</u>	<u>(420,498)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,537,569</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	398,570
Student Support	-
Instructional Support	4,912
General Administration Support	-
School Administration Support	-
Business Services Support	-
Operations and Maintenance	34,333
Transportation	12,493
Food Service	14,517
<u>Total Depreciation Expense –Governmental Activities</u>	<u>464,825</u>

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. Kim School District RE-88 participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications to the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 for the SCHDTF are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at www.leg.colorado.gov.

- Increases employer contribution rates for the SCHDTF by 0.25 percent on July 1, 2019.
- Increases employee contribution rates for the SCHDTF by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over a period of 3 years starting on July 1, 2019)

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, increases the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the State, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Kim School District RE-88 are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2018. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As of December 31, 2018, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments in certain years, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Pursuant to SB18-200, there are no annual increases (AI) for 2018 and 2019 for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 1.5 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 will receive the lesser of an annual increase of 1.5 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The automatic adjustment provision may raise or lower the aforementioned AI for a given year by up to one-quarter of 1 percent based on the parameters specified C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contribution provisions as of June 30, 2019. Eligible employees, Kim School District RE-88 and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below.

	July 1, 2018 Through December 31, 2018	January 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2019
Employer Contribution Rate	10.15 %	10.15 %
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208 (1)(f)	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.13%	19.13%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Kim School District RE-88 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from Kim School District RE-88 were \$101,049 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2018. The Kim School District RE-88 proportion of the net pension liability was based on Kim School District RE-88 contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2017 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 reported a liability of \$1,663,539 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the Kim School District RE-88 as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Kim School District RE-88 were as follows:

Kim School District RE-88 proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,663,539
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the Kim School District RE-88	\$ 227,466
Total	\$ 1,891,005

At December 31, 2018, the Kim School District RE-88 proportion was 0.009 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 recognized pension income of \$171,701 and revenue of \$13,510 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	56,429	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	310,507	1,034,543
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	225,320	134,646
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	6,355	191,357
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	51,586	N/A
Total	650,197	1,360,546

\$51,586 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	(409,661)
2021	(175,509)
2022	(226,365)
2023	49,600
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	4.78 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent compounded annually
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The revised assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2018:

Discount Rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	0% through 2019 and 1.5% compounded annually, thereafter
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent and the municipal bond index rate of 3.43 percent were used in the discount rate determination resulting in a discount rate of 4.78 percent, 2.47 percent lower compared to the current measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Kim School District RE-88 proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	2,114,906	1,663,539	1,284,767

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description – Employees of the Kim School District RE-88 that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2019, program members contributed \$483.

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. Kim School District RE-88 participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Kim School District RE-88 are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 7

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Kim School District RE-88 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from Kim School District RE-88 were \$5,388 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 reported a liability of \$83,084 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2018. The Kim School District RE-88 proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Kim School District RE-88 contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2018 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2018, the Kim School District RE-88 proportion was 0.006 percent, which was an increase of 0.0002 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 recognized OPEB expense of \$1,613. At June 30, 2019, the Kim School District RE-88 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	302	126
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	583	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	1,474	996
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	2,585	856
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,751	N/A
Total	7,695	1,978

\$2,751 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	505
2021	505
2022	505
2023	837
2024	590
Thereafter	24

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.00 percent
Medicare Part A premiums	3.25 percent for 2018, gradually rising to 5.00 percent in 2025
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 **OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2018 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums Members Without Part A for Medicare
Self-Funded Medicare Supplement Plans	\$736	\$367
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	602	236
Rocky Mountain Health Plans Medicare HMO	611	251
United Healthcare Medicare HMO	686	213

The 2018 Medicare Part A premium is \$422 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Self-Funded Medicare Supplement Plans	\$289
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	300
Rocky Mountain Health Plans Medicare HMO	270
United Healthcare Medicare HMO	400

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2017, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2018	5.00%	3.25%
2019	5.00%	3.50%
2020	5.00%	3.75%
2021	5.00%	4.00%
2022	5.00%	4.25%
2023	5.00%	4.50%
2024	5.00%	4.75%
2025+	5.00%	5.00%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2018 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the Kim School District RE-88 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.00%	5.00%	6.00%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.25%	4.25%	5.25%
Net OPEB Liability	80,789	83,084	85,722

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2018, measurement date.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Transfers of a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the Kim School District RE-88 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	92,963	83,084	74,637

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT SELF INSURANCE POOL

The District belongs to the Colorado School District's Self-Insurance Pool. The Pool was established by the Colorado Association of School Boards (CASB) to provide insurance coverage to participants in the areas of General Liability, Errors and Omissions, Automobile Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Auto Personal Injury Protection, Real and Personal Property, Crime, Workers' Compensation and other coverage. The Board of Directors is composed of eight persons; seven of whom are appointed by the Board of Directors of CASB and the Executive Director of CASB. The Pool is managed by an independent manager chosen by the Board of Directors. Each member's initial contribution and subsequent contributions are determined by the Pool based on factors including, but not limited to, the Aggregate Pool claims, the cost of Administrative and other operating expenses, the number of participants, the adequacy of both Operating and Reserve Funds and other factors touching on the status of the Pool or an individual participant, and as approved by the Colorado Insurance Commissioner.

As the District did not exercise oversight responsibility nor have sufficient control over Pool activities, the Pool is not a component unit of the District and only the District's share of contributions to the Pool is recorded as Expenditures in the General Fund.

The District's share in the Pool is not determinable from current information, but is estimated to be less than 1%. The District's share, if calculated, would not be material to the Pool's financial information at June 30, 2019.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT SELF INSURANCE POOL (Continued)

An audited summary of the Colorado School District's Pool financial information at June 30, 2018 and for the year then ended (latest information available) follows:

Total Assets	<u>44,237,852</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>16,614,537</u>
Total Equity	<u>27,623,315</u>
Revenue	15,844,221
Underwriting Expenses	<u>19,487,647</u>
Underwriting Gain (Loss)	(3,643,426)
Net Investment Income	517,310
Other Income	<u>-</u>
Net Income (Loss) Before Dividend	(3,126,116)
Dividend	<u>-</u>
Net Income	(3,126,116)
Transfer of Capital Contributions	-
Change in Non Admitted Assets	<u>130,742</u>
Capital Contributions from Members	<u>-</u>
Unassigned Surplus	<u>27,623,315</u>

NOTE 10 FOOD INVENTORIES

Food Service Fund inventories at June 30, 2019, consisted of purchased, non-food and donated commodities amounting to \$2,916. Purchased inventories are stated at cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the United States Government, are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of receipt.

NOTE 11 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, at June 30, 2019 are estimated to be \$50,099. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements of the various funds.

NOTE 12 LITIGATION

None.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 13 SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgments - The District participates in a number of federal, state and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the grantor but the District believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the District.

NOTE 14 JOINT VENTURES

Not reflected in the accompanying financial statements is the District's participation in the Southeastern Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per District.

The District has one member on the Board. The Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The District's share of the joint venture is not determinable at June 30, 2019. The joint venture summary audited financial information as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Assets and Deferred Outflows	<u>3,207,102</u>
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	<u>7,511,191</u>
Net Position	<u>(4,304,089)</u>
Revenues	2,634,971
Expenditures	<u>3,618,339</u>
Change In Net Position	<u>(983,368)</u>

The BOCES is not included as a component unit of the District as the financial responsibility is minimal, there is no financial interdependency, the District does not have the ability to significantly influence the operations of the BOCES and the District is not accountable for fiscal matters of the BOCES. The BOCES is audited annually and files a report with the Colorado State Auditor's Office.

NOTE 15 INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

<u>INTERFUND BALANCES</u>	<u>Due To</u>	<u>Due From</u>
Major Funds	-	-
<u>Nonmajor Funds</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>TRANSFERS</u>	<u>Trans In</u>	<u>Trans Out</u>
General Fund	-	30,000
Food Service Fund	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>

Transfers were made from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund for the purpose of assisting operations. Due To and Due From are to be repaid within three months of year end.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2019

NOTE 16 LONG-TERM DEBT – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

	<u>Balance</u> <u>7/1/2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2019</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion</u>
G.O. Matching Money Bonds 2013	2,333,987	-	105,345	2,228,642	109,756

Series 2013 General Obligation Matching Money Bonds

These general obligation bonds were issued December 9, 2013 for the purpose of constructing District facilities. The Series 2013 matching money bonds of \$2,717,118 were used to match \$7,923,336 in State of Colorado – BEST Program Series 2013 Project funds. These bonds were issued at an interest rate of 4.187817%.

Below is a schedule of debt service to maturity:

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>6-30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	109,756	91,033	200,789
2021	114,353	86,341	200,694
2022	119,142	81,451	200,593
2023	124,131	76,358	200,489
2024	129,329	71,051	200,380
2025-2029	732,570	267,530	1,000,100
2030-2034	<u>899,361</u>	<u>97,247</u>	<u>996,608</u>
	<u>2,228,642</u>	<u>771,011</u>	<u>2,999,653</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISONS

PENSION TREND DATA

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TREND DATA

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting for the District's ordinary operations financed from property taxes and other general revenues. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations.

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trend Data

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Favorable (Unfavorable)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<u>REVENUES</u>				
<u>Local Sources</u>				
Property Taxes	352,000	375,000	377,227	2,227
Specific Ownership Taxes	57,600	67,600	81,858	14,258
Earnings on Investments	8,000	9,430	10,664	1,234
Delinquent Taxes and Interest	900	900	875	(25)
Other	15,025	19,145	61,110	41,965
<u>State Sources</u>				
Equalization	556,335	576,000	570,942	(5,058)
Transportation	-	20,834	19,910	(924)
Vocational Education	-	4,728	4,726	(2)
Other	44,868	25,894	40,067	14,173
<u>Federal Sources</u>				
Other	<u>60,048</u>	<u>42,348</u>	<u>41,058</u>	<u>(1,290)</u>
<u>TOTAL REVENUES</u>	<u>1,094,776</u>	<u>1,141,879</u>	<u>1,208,437</u>	<u>66,558</u>
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
<u>Instruction</u>				
<u>Regular Programs</u>				
Salaries	287,623	309,234	303,717	5,517
Employees Benefits	124,920	139,409	130,326	9,083
Purchased Services-Professional	8,900	500	455	45
Purchased Services-Property	5,300	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Other	10,950	34,630	30,669	3,961
Supplies and Materials	15,800	31,996	33,005	(1,009)
Property	-	-	-	-
Other Objects	<u>4,000</u>	<u>28,605</u>	<u>13,193</u>	<u>15,412</u>
<u>Total Instruction</u>	<u>457,493</u>	<u>544,374</u>	<u>511,365</u>	<u>33,009</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>SUPPORTING SERVICES</u>	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Favorable (Unfavorable)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<u>Instructional Staff</u>				
Salaries	-	27,734	20,928	6,806
Employee Benefits	-	808	8,689	(7,881)
Purchased Services – Professional	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services – Property	26,480	-	-	-
Purchased Services – Other	2,000	-	-	-
Supplies and Materials	-	3,750	3,715	35
Property	-	-	-	-
Other Objects	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Instructional Staff</u>	<u>28,480</u>	<u>32,292</u>	<u>33,332</u>	<u>(1,040)</u>
<u>General Administration</u>				
Salaries	117,441	117,441	159,644	(42,203)
Employee Benefits	32,567	32,567	38,694	(6,127)
Purchased Services-Professional	15,000	25,000	21,639	3,361
Purchased Services-Property	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Other	7,400	2,100	3,771	(1,671)
Supplies and Materials	-	5,500	8,398	(2,898)
Property	-	-	-	-
Other Objects	2,000	4,538	956	3,582
<u>Total General Administration</u>	<u>174,408</u>	<u>187,146</u>	<u>233,102</u>	<u>(45,956)</u>
<u>Operations and Maintenance</u>				
Salaries	41,014	43,680	28,522	15,158
Employees Benefits	16,059	13,393	6,700	6,693
Purchased Services-Professional	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Property	27,000	46,665	47,405	(740)
Purchased Services-Other	54,000	4,000	3,836	164
Supplies and Materials	-	50,000	53,847	(3,847)
Property	-	-	-	-
Other Objects	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Operations and Maintenance</u>	<u>138,073</u>	<u>157,738</u>	<u>140,310</u>	<u>17,428</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Supporting Services (Continued)</u>	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget- Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<u>Student Transportation</u>				
Salaries	20,663	20,663	22,423	(1,760)
Employee Benefits	4,800	4,800	8,305	(3,505)
Purchased Services-Professional	12,000	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Property	25,700	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Other	300	12,000	11,062	938
Supplies and Materials	-	25,700	19,899	5,801
Property	50,000	50,000	44,327	5,673
Other Objects	2,816	300	132	168
<u>Total Student Transportation</u>	<u>116,279</u>	<u>113,463</u>	<u>106,148</u>	<u>7,315</u>
<u>Central Support</u>				
Salaries	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefits	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services – Professional	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services – Property	10,000	-	-	-
Purchased Services-Other	106,008	83,349	83,186	163
Supplies and Materials	16,152	-	-	-
Property	22,896	-	-	-
Other Objects	100	-	250	(250)
<u>Total Central Support</u>	<u>155,156</u>	<u>83,349</u>	<u>83,436</u>	<u>(87)</u>
<u>TOTAL SUPPORTING SERVICES</u>	<u>612,396</u>	<u>573,988</u>	<u>596,328</u>	<u>(22,340)</u>
<u>APPROPRIATED RESERVES</u>	<u>1,386,754</u>	<u>1,386,754</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,386,754</u>
<u>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</u>	<u>2,456,643</u>	<u>2,505,116</u>	<u>1,107,693</u>	<u>1,397,423</u>
<u>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</u>	<u>(1,361,867)</u>	<u>(1,363,237)</u>	<u>100,744</u>	
<u>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</u>				
Transfers	<u>(40,000)</u>	<u>(40,000)</u>	<u>(30,000)</u>	<u>10,000</u>
<u>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES</u>	<u>(1,401,867)</u>	<u>(1,403,237)</u>	<u>70,744</u>	
<u>FUND BALANCE, July 1</u>	<u>1,401,867</u>	<u>1,403,237</u>	<u>1,481,487</u>	
<u>FUND BALANCE, June 30</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,552,231</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
 For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0094%	0.0103%	0.0105%	0.0102%	0.0107%	0.0106%	-	-	-	-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,663,539	\$3,345,761	\$3,130,930	\$1,561,381	\$1,454,664	\$1,358,164	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$528,224	\$503,447	\$467,021	\$455,545	\$450,519	\$424,049	-	-	-	-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	315%	665%	670%	343%	323%	320%	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.01%	43.96%	43.13%	59.20%	62.80%	64.06%	-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION
 For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 101,049	\$ 95,082	\$ 85,828	\$ 80,837	\$ 76,052	\$ 74,813	\$ 70,134	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	<u>\$ (101,049)</u>	<u>\$ (95,082)</u>	<u>\$ (85,828)</u>	<u>\$ (80,837)</u>	<u>\$ (76,052)</u>	<u>\$ (74,813)</u>	<u>\$ (70,134)</u>	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$528,224	\$503,447	\$467,021	\$455,545	\$450,519	\$424,049	\$398,838	-	-	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.13%	18.89%	18.38%	17.74%	16.88%	17.64%	17.58%	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY
 For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0061%	0.0058%	0.0059%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$83,084	\$76,403	\$77,497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$528,224	\$503,447	\$467,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	15.73%	15.18%	16.59%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB
 For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 5,388	\$ 5,135	\$ 4,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	<u>\$ (5,388)</u>	<u>\$ (5,135)</u>	<u>\$ (4,764)</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$528,224	\$503,447	\$467,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Bond Redemption Fund – Used to account for the collections of taxes and payment of bonds.

Food Service – Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's school breakfast and lunch programs.

Fiduciary Fund

Pupil Activity Agency Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of student clubs and organizations held in a fiduciary capacity by the District.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
 BOND REDEMPTION FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
<u>REVENUES</u>			
Property Taxes	207,584	233,090	25,506
Specific Ownership Taxes	-	-	-
Earnings on Investments	-	2,308	2,308
Other Local Sources	-	483	483
<u>Total Revenues</u>	<u>207,584</u>	<u>235,881</u>	<u>28,297</u>
 <u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	200,750	105,345	95,405
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	96,287	(96,287)
Other	-	-	-
Contingency	<u>172,908</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>172,908</u>
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	<u>373,658</u>	<u>201,632</u>	<u>172,026</u>
 <u>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</u>	 (166,074)	 34,249	
 <u>FUND BALANCE, July 1</u>	 <u>166,074</u>	 <u>191,673</u>	
 <u>FUND BALANCE, June 30</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>225,922</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
FOOD SERVICE – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
<u>OPERATING REVENUES</u>			
<u>Local Sources</u>			
Food Sales	8,800	10,668	1,868
Earnings on Investments	-	-	-
Other	-	415	415
<u>State Sources</u>			
School Lunches	530	1,046	516
<u>Federal Sources</u>			
School Lunches	13,110	18,196	5,086
Commodities	-	-	-
<u>Total Operating Revenues</u>	<u>22,440</u>	<u>30,325</u>	<u>7,885</u>
<u>OPERATING EXPENDITURES</u>			
Salaries	29,895	29,466	429
Employee Benefits	6,457	6,365	92
Purchased Services – Professional	-	-	-
Purchased Services – Property	-	-	-
Purchased Services - Other	-	-	-
Supplies and Materials	25,500	23,537	1,963
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Other	10,588	2,411	8,177
Commodities	-	-	-
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	<u>72,440</u>	<u>61,779</u>	<u>10,661</u>
<u>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</u>	(50,000)	(31,454)	
<u>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</u>			
Operating Transfers from General Fund	40,000	30,000	(10,000)
<u>REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND USES</u>	(10,000)	(1,454)	
<u>FUND BALANCE, July 1</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>16,344</u>	
<u>FUND BALANCE, June 30</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,890</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KIM SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-88
PUPIL ACTIVITY - AGENCY FUND
SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
<u>ADDITIONS</u>			
Local Sources	50,000	77,043	27,043
State Sources	-	-	-
Federal Sources	-	-	-
<u>Total Additions</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>77,043</u>	<u>27,043</u>
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>			
Student Activities	105,000	80,839	24,161
<u>Total Deductions</u>	<u>105,000</u>	<u>80,839</u>	<u>24,161</u>
<u>Net Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Held for Others</u>	(55,000)	(3,796)	
<u>Deposits Held for Others – Beginning of Year</u>	55,000	49,907	
<u>Deposits Held for Others – End of Year</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>46,111</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

Auditor's Integrity Report (Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance by Fund)

Bolded Balance Sheet



Colorado Department of Education
Auditors Integrity Report
 District: 1760 - Kim Reorganized 88
 Fiscal Year 2018-19
 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj. (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj. (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental				
10 General Fund	1,480,225	1,154,962	1,084,681	1,550,507
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	1,262	23,475	23,013	1,725
Sub-Total	1,481,487	1,178,437	1,107,693	1,552,231
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
2026-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	16,344	60,375	61,775	14,850
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	191,673	235,681	201,632	225,922
38 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	0	0
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	1,685,505	1,474,643	1,371,104	1,793,043
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
6065-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	49,907	77,043	80,839	46,111
75 GASB 34 Retirement Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	49,907	77,043	80,839	46,111

FINAL



Colorado Department of Education
Bolded Balance Sheet Report
 District 1760 - Kim Reorganized 88
 Fiscal Year 2018-19
 Colorado School District/BOCES

ASSETS	Governmental							Proprietary					Fiduciary			Totals
	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk-Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85		
Cash and Investments (8100-8104,8111)	1,579,118	0	3,340	0	0	11,255	0	0	0	0	0	0	54,528	0	1,648,242	
Cash with Fiscal Agent (8105)	17,001	0	0	0	0	0	216,022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	233,023	
Taxes Receivable (8121,8122)	20,000	0	0	0	0	0	13,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34,000	
Interfund Loans Receivable (8131,8132)	0	0	475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	475	
Grants Accounts Receivable (8142)	1,181	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,181	
Other Receivables (8151-8154,8161)	0	0	0	0	0	719	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	719	
Inventories (8171,8172,8173)	0	0	0	0	0	2,916	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,916	
Machinery and Equipment (8241,8242,8251)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets	1,618,200	0	3,815	0	0	14,890	229,122	0	0	0	0	0	54,528	0	1,920,555	

	Governmental							Proprietary					Fiduciary		
	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const. Fund 06	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45, 47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk-Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY															
Interfund Payables (7401,7402)	475	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	475
Other Payables (7421-7423)	2,710	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,417	0	0	11,127
Accrued Expenses (7461)	48,008	0	2,091	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50,099
Unearned Revenue (7481)	11,599	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,599
Deferred Inflow (7800)	4,900	0	0	0	0	0	3,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,100
Total Liabilities	67,693	0	2,091	0	0	0	3,200	0	0	0	0	8,417	0	0	81,400

Fiduciary

Proprietary

Governmental

FUND EQUITY	Governmental										Proprietary				Fiduciary	
	General Funds 10-12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Food Service Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45, 47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk-Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals	
Non-spendable Fund Balance 6710	0	0	0	0	0	2,916	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,916	
Restricted Fund Balance 6720	0	0	0	0	0	11,974	225,922	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	237,896	
TABOR 3% Emergency Reserve 6721	35,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35,100	
TABOR Multi-Year 6722	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
District Emergency Reserve (letter of credit or real estate) 6723	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Colorado Preschool Program (CFP) Reserve 6724	0	0	1,725	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,725	
Full-Day Kindergarten Reserve 6725	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Risk-Related / Restricted Capital Reserve 6726	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BEST Capital Reserve 6727	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Committed Fund Balance 6750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assigned Fund Balance 6760	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Unassigned Fund Balance 6770	1,515,407	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46,111	0	1,561,518		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6790	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Restricted Net Assets 6791	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Unrestricted Net Assets 6792	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Prior Period Adjustment 6850	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total Fund Equity	1,550,507	0	1,725	0	0	14,890	225,922	0	0	0	0	46,111	0	1,839,155		

FUND EQUITY	Governmental										Proprietary				Fiduciary	
	General Funds 10-12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Food Service Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45, 47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk-Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals	
General Funds 10,12-18	1,618,200	0	3,815	0	0	14,890	229,122	0	0	0	0	54,528	0	1,920,555		
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	1,618,200	0	3,815	0	0	14,890	229,122	0	0	0	0	54,528	0	1,920,555		

Do Assets=Liability+Fund Equity	Governmental										Proprietary				Fiduciary	
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
For Each Fund Type:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	